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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/050,083	01/14/2002	Paul Harry Abbott	GB920010052US1	6326
	7590 02/27/200 N & SMITH, PC	EXAMINER		
4 RESEARCH DRIVE			WILLIAMS, JEFFERY L	
SHELTON, CT 06484-6212			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			2137	
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			02/27/2008	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)
	10/050,083	ABBOTT ET AL.
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit
	JEFFERY WILLIAMS	2137
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DA - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be time will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE	lely filed the mailing date of this communication. (35 U.S.C. § 133).
Status		
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 31 Oc	action is non-final. nce except for formal matters, pro	
Disposition of Claims		
4) ☐ Claim(s) 1, 7, 13 – 15, 18 – 22, and 24 – 26 is/ 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw 5) ☐ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ☐ Claim(s) 1, 7, 13 – 15, 18 – 22, and 24 – 26 is/ 7) ☐ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) ☐ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	vn from consideration. /are rejected.	
Application Papers		
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) access Applicant may not request that any objection to the of Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner	epted or b) objected to by the Edrawing(s) be held in abeyance. See on is required if the drawing(s) is obj	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). ected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119		
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents 2. Certified copies of the priority documents 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priorical application from the International Bureau * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of	s have been received. s have been received in Applicati ity documents have been receive (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	on No ed in this National Stage
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal P 6) Other:	ite

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1	DETAILED ACTION
2	
3	Continued Examination Under 37 CFR 1.114
4	
5	A request for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, including the fee set
6	forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e), was filed in this application after final rejection. Since this
7	application is eligible for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, and the fee set
8	forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e) has been timely paid, the finality of the previous Office action
9	has been withdrawn pursuant to 37 CFR 1.114. Applicant's submission filed on
10	10/17/07 has been entered.
11	
12	Claims 1, 7, 13 – 15, 18 – 22, and 24 – 26 are pending.
13	All objections and rejections not set forth below have been withdrawn.
14	
15	The text of those sections of Title 35, U.S. Code not included in this action can
16	be found in a prior Office action.
17	
18	Specification
19	
20	The specification is objected to as failing to provide proper antecedent basis for
21	the claimed subject matter. See 37 CFR 1.75(d)(1) and MPEP § 608.01(o). Correction
22	of the following is required: Claims 1, 7, 13 – 15, 18 – 22, and 24 – 26 comprise the

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recitations of "wherein the verification system ... provides security integrity for the virtual machine it installs", "wherein the verification system verifies the authenticity of each element of a virtual machine...", and "wherein the virtual machine installation installs a Java Virtual Machine". The specification fails to provide proper antecedent basis for these recitations.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

The following is a quotation of the first paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall contain a written description of the invention, and of the manner and process of making and using it, in such full, clear, concise, and exact terms as to enable any person skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and use the same and shall set forth the best mode contemplated by the inventor of carrying out his invention.

Claims 1, 7, 13 – 15, 18 – 22, and 24 – 26 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112,

objection to the specification).

first paragraph, as failing to comply with the written description requirement. The claim(s) contains subject matter which was not described in the specification in such a way as to reasonably convey to one skilled in the relevant art that the inventor(s), at the time the application was filed, had possession of the claimed invention. Applicant has not pointed out where the new (or amended) claim is supported, nor does there appear to be a written description of the claim limitations in the application as filed (see above

The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

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Claim 1, 7, 13 – 15, 18 – 22, and 24 – 26 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

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Specifically, claims 1, 7, and 22 comprise nonsensical recitations that a "verification system" or "verification method" installs a JVM. The examiner notes that a verification system or verification method verifies, such as verifies the authenticity of an installation, but it is not a program component such an installer that installs a JVM. In line with reasoning and in harmony with the applicant's own disclosure in, the examiner presumes for the purpose of examination for the applicant to mean that the verification system or method verifies an installed JVM.

Specifically, claims 24, 25, and 26 comprise nonsensical recitations that an "installation installs a JVM". The examiner notes that an installation is an existence of installed elements. Thus an installation may comprise a JVM, but it is not a program component such an installer that installs a JVM. Furthermore, the examiner notes that the parent claims each recite, in contradiction to claims 24, 25, and 26, that "the verification system" installs the virtual machine. In line with reasoning and in harmony with the applicant's own disclosure in, the examiner presumes for the purpose of examination for the applicant to mean that the virtual machine installation comprises a Java virtual machine.

All depending claims are rejected by virtue of dependency.

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Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

Claims 1,2,5,7,8,11, 13-23 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Shear et al. (Shear), "Systems and Methods Using Cryptography to Protect Secure Computing Environments", U.S. Patent 6,157,721 in view of Bodrov, "System and Method of Verifying The Authenticity of

Dynamically Connectable Executable Images", U.S. Patent 6,802,006.

Regarding claim 1, Shear discloses:

a primary library file, the primary library file having a digital signature (Shear, 1:26-28; 2:46-3:3; 4:21-67; Herein, Shear discloses system protection by verifying the digital signatures of basic executables – thus at least one executable module or "primary library file" – of a software installation, for example a virtual machine installation).

a loader program that obtains a digital signature key and further loads the primary library file (Shear, fig. 1:61; 5:1-5; 6:6-11; fig. 3 – Herein, Shear discloses a device comprising a programmed execution environment that loads code - thus a "loader" program – for loading and executing software instructions, also see "load module" - "an executable unit of code loaded into memory by the loader" – Microsoft Press Computer Dictionary, 3rd ed., pg. 287); wherein, if a public key cannot be obtained via a virtual machine provider, the digital signature key is a hidden public key internal to the loader program and, if a public key can be obtained via the virtual machine provider, the digital signature key is the public key obtained via the virtual

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machine provider (Shear, 13:65-14:5; 5:1-5; Herein, Shear discloses both obtaining a

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2 hidden public key and obtaining a certificate from the software provider).

Shear discloses that an execution environment may execute a plurality of software modules, having digital signatures, of which are verified for authenticity by the programmed execution environment (Shear, 4:1-60), and which may interact with other installed software modules (Shear,3:24-35). Shear however does not explicitly disclose that one installed software module "interacts" other installed software modules via a first module "referencing" second modules from the plurality of modules.

Bodrov discloses that software modules, such as digitally signed DLL's defining a software installation, interact via one module referencing another module to be loaded and verified by the loader program (Bodrov, fig. 2; 3:12-24).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to employ the method of Bodrov for interaction between software modules of a software installation within the system of Shear. This would have been obvious, because one of ordinary skill in the art would have been motivated to utilize a practical way for software modules to interact.

wherein the loader program is verifes and selectively loads the primary library file by comparing the obtained digital signature key with the digital signature of the primary library file, the primary library file subsequently verifying and selectively loading the plurality of secondary files by calling the loader program to compare the obtained digital signature key with the digital signature of each of the plurality of secondary files,

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1 wherein the computer software is a virtual machine installation (Shear, fig. 3; 6:5-15;

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- 2 Bodrov, fig. 1).
- The combination of Shear and Bodrov enables a plurality of software modules
- 4 (i.e. DLL files), wherein at least one module references a plurality of secondary
- 5 modules, and wherein all modules are loaded and verified (See above rejection).
- 6 However, the combination does not disclose that a referenced secondary module may
- 7 reference another, or 3rd, module. However, it was well known to those of ordinary skill
- 8 in the art that a referenced module (i.e. DLL), may reference another module (i.e. DLL).
- 9 wherein the primary library file is a virtual machine dynamic link library file
- 10 (Brodov, 3:12-24 Herein the combination discloses a verification system to protect
- software comprising DLLs, thus the verification system is capable of protecting software
- 12 comprising DLLs, such as virtual machine DLLs).
- at least one administrator-configurable file (Shear, fig. 1:52,64; 3:32-35; 4:38,39)
- 14 the combination disclose files that are configured by administrators).
- the digital signature key comprising a number of keys including a private key
- 16 provided by an administrator (Shear, fig. 7, 8)
- wherein the loader program verifies the digital signature of the at least one
- 18 administrator-configurable file using the private key, wherein the verification system
- 19 verifies the authenticative of each element of a virtual machine installation and provides
- security integrity for the virtual machine it installs (Shear, fig. 3; 6:5-15; Bodrov, fig. 1–
- 21 all files are verified).

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1	Regarding claim 14, the combination of Shear and Bodrov enables:
2	the virtual machine provider is accessed through an internet site to provide the
3	public key (Shear, fig. 1; Abstract; 2:33-40; 3:10-15, 21-35; 5:3-5). The combination
4	teaches obtaining certificate-bearing code from the virtual machine provider via the
5	Internet. Therefore the combination enables the provision of the public key by such
6	means (for definition of a certificate, see Microsoft Computer Dictionary, pg. 93).
7	
8	Regarding claim 16, the combination of Shear and Bodrov enables:
9	wherein the primary library file is a virtual machine dynamic link library file
10	(Shear, 2:54-3:3; Bodrov, fig. 1)
11	
12	Regarding claim 18, the combination of Shear and Bodrov enables:
13	wherein the loader program is a third-party application that initiates the virtual
14	machine installation (Shear, fig. 1:61; fig. 3; Bodrov, fig. 1:95).
15	
16	Regarding claim 19, the combination of Shear and Bodrov enables:
17	wherein the loader program is a virtual machine launcher that initiates the virtual
18	machine installation (Shear, 2:54-3:3; 4:36-40; Bodrov, fig. 1).
19	
20	Regarding claims 7, 8, 11, 13, 15, 17, 20, and 21, they are method claims
21	corresponding to the above rejected claims and contain essentially similar limitations,

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21

1	and they are rejected, at least, for the same reasons. Furthermore, the combination
2	enables "launching a loader program" (Shear, fig. 3; Bodrov, fig. 1).
3	
4	Regarding claims 22 and 23, they are system claims corresponding to the above
5	rejected claims and contain essentially similar limitations, and they are rejected, at least,
6	for the same reasons.
7	
8	Regarding claims 24, 25, and 26, the combination enables for the verification of
9	software installations, including software that represents a Java Virtual Machine.
10	
11	
12	Rsponse to Arguments
13	
14	Applicant's arguments filed 10/31/07 have been fully considered but they are not
15	persuasive.
16	
17	Applicant argues or asserts primarily that:
18	
19	(i) Prior art does not disclose or suggest that a software installation can be virtual
20	machine installation (Remarks, pg. 11)

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1 In response, the examiner respectfully notes that the prior art does not 2 enumerate each and all types software that were known to those of ordinary skill in the 3 art (see for example, Bodrov 3:12-24). However, a virtual machine is software and the 4 prior art demonstrates how to protect such software. Thus, the prior art enables the 5 protection of a virtual machine. 6 7 8 (ii) Prior art does not disclose loading and verifying tertiary files (Remarks, pg. 11, 9 12) 10 11 In response, the examiner respectfully notes that the prior art makes no 12 suggestions contrary to the knowledge of those of ordinary skill in the art that programs 13 may only comprise two files. The prior art clearly demonstrates the loading and 14 verification of files within succession (see for example, Bodrov fig. 4).

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(ii) Prior art does not disclose or suggest that a virtual machine provider provides a public key (Remarks, pg. 12)

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In response, the examiner respectfully notes that the prior art enables for software providers, including virtual machine providers, to provide a certificate which comprises a public key (Shear, fig. 1; Abstract; 2:33-40; 3:10-15, 21-35; 5:3-5).

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3 Conclusion

The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure.

See Notice of References Cited.

A shortened statutory period for reply is set to expire **3** months (not less than 90 days) from the mailing date of this communication.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to JEFFERY WILLIAMS whose telephone number is (571)272-7965. The examiner can normally be reached on 8:30-5:00.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Emmanuel Moise can be reached on (571) 272-3865. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is (703) 872-9306.

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1 Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the 2 Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for 3 published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. 4 Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. 5 For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should 6 you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic 7 Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). 8 9 10 /Jeffery Williams/ 11 Examiner, Art Unit 2137 12 13 /Emmanuel L. Moise/

Supervisory Patent Examiner, Art Unit 2137